

## Merchandising Operations- Perpetual Inventory Entries practice

The following transactions Relates to ELM:

1. On April 5, purchased merchandise from BNZ Company for \$25000 term 2/10, N/30, cost of goods is \$15000
2. On April 6 paid freight cost of \$900 on merchandise purchased from BNZ.
3. On April 7 purchased equipment on account for \$30000.
4. On April 8 returned some of April 5 merchandise to BNZ Company which cost \$3600 cost of these \$1000
5. On April 15 paid the amount due to BNZ Company in full.

### Requirements

- A. Prepare the journal entries to record the transaction above the books of ELM
- B. Prepare the journal entries on the books of BNZ

## Solution

### On ELM Books

April 5	Merchandise Inventory Accounts Payable	25,000 25,000
April 6	Merchandising Inventory Cash	900 900
April 7	Equipment Accounts Payable	30,000 30,000
April 8	Accounts Payable Merchandising Inventory	3,600 3,600
April 15	Accounts Payable( \$25,000- 3,600) Cash( \$21,400-\$428) Merchandising Inventory (\$21,400 x 2%)	21,400  20,972 428

### On BNZ Books

April 5	Accounts Receivable Sales Cost of Goods Sold Merchandise Inv.	25,000 25,000 15,000 15,000
April 6	No entry for freight cost because ELM paid the cost	No Entry
April 7	No entry for equipment because the equipment was related to ELM operations	No Entry
April 8	Sales Returns & Allowances Accounts Receivable Cost of Goods Sold Merchandise Inv.	3,600 3,600 1,000 1,000
April 15	Cash ( \$21,400 - \$428) Sales Discount Accounts Receivable	20,972 478 21,400